

Sarah and the tooth fairy

When Sarah has brushed her teeth,
She wants to go to sleep, to bed we go,
It is late, you know,
but what happens when she yawns?
Wobble wobble, that feels rum,
Come and look into my mouthy mum!

Don't you worry, Sarah fair
Your grown up tooth is nearly there
Just brush your teeth and all is fine
Your teeth will be clean and they will shine

If it falls out the fairy will come
And look into your teeth to see
to see what you have done
She's got teeth which are bright and
And when she gets out to
she just might
Take care of your teeth
and they will shine.

So do not eat candy
and the tooth fairy
with a smile and a

And do not forget to brush
for five minutes a day
Though you may not enjoy
use it as a feast

But you make the tooth fairy
happy when
you will shine like a star
'cause you're clever!

We will put your teeth in your box
and write something too
And after a while you'll see it and smile:
All your milk teeth will be there in a row
just for you!

Sleep well sweet Sarah,
Say hello to the tooth fairy if you
see her tonight?

firsty® round log booklet

this teeth box belongs to:

born on:

in:

received from:

at the occasion of:

firsty® round by lumage®

Ideaal cadeau voor de 5-de of 6-de
verjaardag of bij het eerste losse tandje!



- EAN 8718421560011 (pink)
- EAN 8718421560028 (blue)
- EAN 8718421560035 (lime)
- EAN 8718421560042 (red)
- EAN 8718421560059 (purple)



Before use please read the manual
on www.firsty.nu/manual
Printable booklets in other languages
visit www.firsty.nu/other
Questions? Mail info@lumage.com
To order visit www.lumage.nu



8 718421 560042

milk teeth

The development of milk teeth
From six months onwards, the teeth and molars start growing. The milk tooth card hereunder shows the average eruption times and times that the primary teeth and molars come loose.

Transition of milk teeth
When you are five or six years old, your teeth start to change. First your front teeth come loose and are replaced and

then the rest follows. The roots dissolve; the crowns fall out and are replaced by the permanent teeth. Only until you have reached the age of 12, this period of replacement is over.

Adult teeth
The first molar of the new teeth erupts when you are approximately 6 years old. This molar appears at the back of the milk molars. When you are about 13 years old, you have been provided

with permanent teeth, except for the type of molar. Between the age of 12 and 21 your wisdom teeth (third molars) will erupt. However, this does not happen in everybody. The permanent teeth consist of 32 teeth.

Note: once your tooth starts standing on its own, this means that the process of eruption has started. When your teeth are loose, this means that the tooth is not necessary for the tooth or molar to erupt by itself.

milk tooth card

Use this card to indicate when which tooth erupted and came out. Your little one can colour a tooth which has become loose! You can also indicate whether the lost tooth had caries and reward teeth without caries.

Tooth numbering according to ISO 3950 (also used by the dentist)
* = normal average eruption and time to change teeth calculated from date of birth

© 2013 milk tooth card lumage and firstly

firstly® and lumage® registered trademarks, patent pending, registered product design

firstly round vs 2014/1

firstly round vs 2013/2

lost	year*	eruption	month*	eruption	month*	lost	year*
<input type="checkbox"/>/...../..... 6-8	...../...../..... 8-9	.....	61	...../...../..... 8-9	...../...../..... 6-8	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>/...../..... 7-9	...../...../..... 12-30	52	62	...../...../..... 12-30	...../...../..... 7-9	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>/...../..... 10-11	...../...../..... 16	53	63	...../...../..... 20	...../...../..... 10-11	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>/...../..... 9-11	...../...../..... 11-12	54	64	...../...../..... 16	...../...../..... 9-11	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>/...../..... 11-12	...../...../..... 8-9	55	65	...../...../..... 12-30	...../...../..... 11-12	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no caries!							no caries! <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>/...../..... 11-12	...../...../..... 12-30	85	75	...../...../..... 12-30	...../...../..... 11-12	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>/...../..... 9-11	...../...../..... 16	84	74	...../...../..... 16	...../...../..... 9-11	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>/...../..... 10-11	...../...../..... 20	83	73	...../...../..... 20	...../...../..... 10-11	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>/...../..... 7-9	...../...../..... 12-30	82	72	...../...../..... 12-30	...../...../..... 7-9	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>/...../..... 6-8	...../...../..... 8-9	81	71	...../...../..... 8-9	...../...../..... 6-8	<input type="checkbox"/>
lost	year*	eruption	month*	eruption	month*	lost	year*

The diagram shows a child's upper and lower dental arches. The upper arch has teeth numbered 1 through 6, and the lower arch has teeth numbered 7 through 8. The central incisors are numbered 1 and 2 in both arches. The first molars are numbered 3, 4, 5, and 6. The second molars are numbered 7 and 8. Lines connect these numbers to the corresponding rows in the table above. The eruption and loss times are given in months and years relative to the date of birth.